

Legionnaires' Disease –Information for Tenants.

This information is being provided to help inform and protect you from the risk of contracting Legionnaires' disease. Whilst the risk is low and your building is protected and monitored by Aqualogic Ltd, there are actions that you can take to further reduce the risk to you and your family.

What Is Legionnaires' Disease?

Legionnaires' Disease is a potentially fatal form on pneumonia that is contracted by breathing in small droplets of water contaminated with legionella bacteria. There are also less serious illnesses associate with the legionella bacteria called Lochgoilhead Fever and Pontiac Fever. If someone contracts Legionnaires' Disease it is not possible to pass the infection on to another person. The symptoms of Legionnaires' Disease are very similar to flu and include high temperature, fever or chills, headache, tiredness, muscle pain and a dry cough.

If you think you or someone you know has contracted Legionnaires' Disease you must consult your doctor immediately.

Where do Legionella bacteria come from?

Legionella bacteria are widespread in the natural environment and are sometimes present in very small quantities in the mains water supplied by the water companies. Although the levels are not dangerous the bacteria can take up home in hot and cold water systems in residential properties and multiply to dangerous levels.

Legionella bacteria survive at very low temperatures but thrive at temperatures between 20 and 45°C. These conditions combined with a source of food i.e. sediment, scale, stagnant water and rust can provide an environment where legionella bacteria can multiply and become a problem.

Who is most at risk of infection?

While anyone can catch Legionnaires' Disease and other legionella related infections some people will be more susceptible to infection e.g. those over 45 years of age, smokers and heavy drinkers, those suffering from chronic respiratory or kidney disease, and people whose immune system is impaired.

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What is done in your building to control the risk?

The initial step in the control of legionella bacteria in your building was to undertake a water hygiene and legionellosis risk assessment. Once the risks were identified a written scheme of control was created and implemented. The scheme of control includes comprehensive record keeping and regular site visits to check the water system and its operation. You can be sure that Aqualogic Ltd and the responsible person are working hard to keep your water safe.

It is important that you make every effort to control the risks of legionella bacteria growing in your flat's water system as it is possible to cross-contaminate other flats.

What can you do to reduce the risk further?

One of the key elements in keeping water clean is to keep it moving. When water stands still it warms up and starts to stagnate, this is when legionella and other bacteria move in and start to multiply. This can be avoided by running infrequently used taps on at least a weekly basis. If you have a guest bathroom or second toilet that isn't used very often then perhaps rotate usage. Note that flushing of showers should be done with the shower head removed in order to avoid releasing small droplets carrying Legionella bacteria.

Another important element is keeping outlets clean and free from limescale deposits so it is important to:

- Keep all shower heads and taps clean and free from a build-up of limescale;
- Keep taps and showers free of bacteria, mold or algae growth using household bleach or other anti-bacterial cleaner.
- Keep your water hot if your system stores hot water. 60°C at the cylinder is the recommended temperature but be aware of the risk of scalding.
- Where you have your own instantaneous water heater, such as combination or condensing boiler, in your flat or house, the temperature at the outlet should reach 50°C or over within one minute of running.
- Towel rails heated by hot water have been shown to have a strong association with Legionella. These should be replaced with rails heated electrically or by the central heating (i.e. as the radiators are).

If you have been away on holiday for more than a week then flush all your taps for a minimum of 5 minutes. If you do go on holiday or are away for a longer period of time it is your responsibility to keep the water safe, when there is a problem in your water pipes it can migrate to other parts of the system and cause problems for other users.

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Further information.

Further Information is available on the Health and Safety Executive website at www.hse.gov.uk/legionnaires